

Annual Campus Safety and Security Report 2024 Calendar Year Published June 16, 2025

Statement on Emergency Notification, Response, Evacuation, and Timely Warnings

In the event a situation arises that constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a University or Campus wide "timely warning" will be issued via the SMU ALERT system.

The University will: "without delay, take into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency." (Department of Education, July 2010)

Samuel Merritt University's emergency response plan covers all campuses through the SMU ALERT communication system, which delivers critical information to community members via registered devices including phones, email, SMS text, pagers, or fax. SMU ALERT provides the most effective way to share emergency updates and information. If SMU ALERT cannot function due to internet or telecommunications problems, the University may use alternative methods such as University email, phones, webpages, public address systems, fire alerting systems, or runner teams. All students, faculty, and staff are automatically enrolled in SMU ALERT using their phone numbers and SMU email addresses, though individuals can add additional contact numbers, text message preferences, email addresses, or update their existing information.

Go to <u>http://www.samuelmerritt.edu/smualert</u>, click the button to "Update My Contact Information," log in, and enter additional methods for contact or change them.

It is the responsibility of all students, faculty, and staff to update personal information on a regular basis. There is also an opt-out button if you do not wish to receive any emergency communications from the University, although this is not the recommended choice.

The system is designed for use only when an incident disrupts normal campus operations or threatens the immediate health and safety of the campus community.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning or Clery defined crimes should report the circumstances to <u>safetyandsecurity@samuelmerritt.edu</u> at 510-867-4019.

The Crisis Response Plan may be activated during a community or regional crisis that may impact University personnel or business operations. For example, a local utility outage, serious toxic spill on city streets, or a local brushfire may necessitate the plan activation to coordinate needed safety actions, communications and support services for personnel.

Samuel Merritt University maintains a major community emergency that may affect our students, faculty, and staff is a university emergency.

The University Crisis Response Plan (CRP) provides structure and identifies Crisis Response Team members who assess and respond to crises. Individual departments create plans and emergency procedures specific to their function and location which support the CRP.

SMU conducts annual training and/or drills that may include tabletop, functional, or full-scale exercises, and tests the emergency notification system yearly. These tests and drills can be announced or unannounced with varying scenarios each year, and SMU publishes summaries of all exercises and tests.

All SMU community members receive yearly reminders to report any significant emergency or dangerous campus situation which may threaten student or employee health and safety. University administration evaluates the impact or potential community threat. If a confirmed threat exists, according to federal law the institution shall immediately alert the campus community or affected segments of the community.

Timely Warning

The Chair of the Crisis Response Team, typically the Director of Risk Management, Safety & Security or a designee, will develop timely warning notices for the University Community. This is accomplished in concert with the Director of Communications. Community members shall be notified of serious crimes that occur on campus and where it is determined that the incident may pose an ongoing threat to the SMU community.

Warnings may also be distributed via the Crisis Response Team, a campus security authority or local Police Department.

The department issues/posts Crime Alerts for incidents of:

- Criminal Homicide
- Aggravated assault (cases involving assaults among known parties, such as two roommates fighting which results in an aggravated injury, will be evaluated on a caseby-case basis to determine if the individual is believed to be an on-going threat to the larger SMU community)
- Robbery involving force or violence (cases including pick pocketing and purse snatching will typically not result in the issuance of a Crime Alert, but will be assessed on a case-by-case basis)
- Sexual Assault (considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the facts of the case, when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, and the amount information known by the Oakland/Sacramento/San Mateo/Fresno Police Departments)

- Major incidents of arson
- Other crimes as determined necessary by the Chair of the Crisis Response Team, the President, or their designee in their absence.

The subjects in a case will only be included in the alert if there is enough detail to describe the individual; if the only known descriptors are sex and race, it will not be included in the alert.

The Director of Risk Management, Safety & Security along with the Director of Communications shall create an email with the proposed Crime Alert. This will be approved by the Crisis Response Team and/or University President prior to sending to the University Community. Updates to the SMU community about any case resulting in a crime alert may also be distributed via email distribution or posted on the University Web site.

Crime Alerts may also be distributed by SMU Board of Regents, Property Management Office representatives, etc. as necessary and appropriate for timely notification. Crime Alerts may be posted in campus buildings when deemed necessary. When a Crime Alert is posted in campus buildings, it shall be printed and posted in the lobby/entrance area of the affected building(s) for seven (7) days.

The department shall not issue Crime Alerts for the above listed crimes if:

- 1. The person involved is/are apprehended by PD and the threat of imminent danger for SMU community members has been mitigated by the apprehension.
- 2. If the University Leadership in charge of distribution of warnings are not notified of the crime in a manner allowing posting of a "timely" community warning, the situation and potential threat shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.
 - For example, if report was filed more than five days after the date of the alleged incident, and notification to University Leaders was provided only at the time of this delayed report a "timely" warning to the community is negated.

Emergency Notifications

The Incident Commander (IC) is responsible for issuing emergency notifications. Crisis Response Team members may also initiate emergency notifications at the request or in the absence of the IC. The Chair of the Crisis Response Team will confirm the emergent situation which may pose an immediate threat to the SMU community. They will collaborate with CRT members including the Director of Communications to create messaging content. The information shall be communicated by all means available to the appropriate University community.

If a serious crime, natural disaster, or person-made emergency poses an immediate threat to the SMU community, Federal Law requires the institution immediately notify the campus community or appropriate segments of the community which may be affected. If the institution delivers notification of the SMU community for immediate threat, the institution is not obligated to implement the timely warning notice procedures. Types of incidents which may cause an immediate threat to SMU community may include, but are not limited to: active shooter, hostage/barricade, riot, suspicious package with confirmed incendiary device, fire/explosion, suspicious death, structural damage to a SMU owned or controlled facility, biological threat, significant flooding, gas leak, hazardous materials spill, etc.

General Evacuation Procedures

Before an emergency, determine the nearest exit to your location, the safest route to follow, and alternate exits. Leave the immediate area but remain available to emergency personnel. If time permits during an evacuation, secure your workplace, and take personal items such as keys, bag, medication, and glasses. In case of fire or other dangerous conditions, evacuate immediately leaving personal items behind.

Individuals who are unable for any reason to use emergency stairwells without assistance, including those with temporary disabilities, may need additional assistance. The University strongly recommends advanced planning, and guides individuals to work with their Safety Monitor or Facilities department on developing a plan that the individual may implement.

People with disabilities who may have trouble exiting the building during an emergency are encouraged to self-identify with the Safety Monitor, but self-identification is an optional and not mandated by the University.

- The University will designate "buddies" to assist anyone who requests it during an emergency. Buddies shall be given minimal training/guidance by the University and be made aware of who self-identified as needing assistance, so they can work out a plan for safely exiting the building together.
- The University has established areas of refuge at stairwell landings and elevator lobbies. Areas of refuge are where those unable to evacuate the building may wait for assistance during an emergency. A list of these areas are made available to all employees. In the event of an actual emergency, the University will communicate areas of refuge to first responders.
- The University will designate Safety Monitors to check and verify that everyone made it out, including individuals with disabilities. In the event a person can't be located, the Floor Warden would provide this information to emergency personnel immediately.

Subject to safety considerations, mobility aids (wheelchair, walker, cane, etc.) should be brought out with the individual when possible. Individuals assisting those in need shall be trained to ask the person what they require, and not to assume.

Statement on the Preparation of Disclosure of Crime Statistics

The department of Risk Management, Safety, and Security prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act, in consultation with various departments. The full text of the report and the annual statistics can be found on the University website at <u>http://www.samuelmerritt.edu/campus-safety-security</u>. The report is prepared in coordination with teams at each campus (if applicable), key faculty and staff, the Facilities Department, and Student Affairs.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the Director of Risk Management, Safety, and Security, Assistant Dean of Students for each campus, designated campus officials, security teams, and outside law enforcement agencies. These statistics may also include crimes that have occurred in nearby private residences and businesses and is not required by law. The University will only remove reports of crimes that have been "unfounded" by law enforcement and will disclose the number in the crime statistics.

Each year, on or before October 1, communication is sent to all enrolled students and current faculty and staff regarding the updated report and how to access the information. A direct link to the report is included in the communication. Notification to prospective students and prospective employees are made on the respective Admission and Employment webpages. Requests for the report in alternative formats may be made to the department of Risk Management, Safety, and Security.

Statement on the Reporting of Criminal Offenses and Encouraging Prompt and Accurate Crime Reporting

Community members, students, faculty, staff, and guests have a duty to report all crimes and public safety related incidents in a timely manner (unless they are a mental health professional serving in that capacity) to 1) the security team noted below and to 2) Department of Risk Management, Safety, and Security. Information on student behavioral violations is reported to the Assistant Dean of Students for each campus per University policy. The University does not have a campus police department and thus encourages contacting both the University and appropriate security team. For crimes in progress or emergencies, contact the security team at your campus or call 911.

Campus	Security Number
Oakland	510-763-4001
Sacramento	916-291-0975 (after 4pm)
San Francisco Peninsula	None on Site; call 911
Fresno	559-495-3000

In addition, you should report a crime to the following:

Risk Management, Safety, and	Safetyandsecurity@samuelmerritt.edu
Security	510-867-4019
	400 Hawthorne Avenue, Suite 216
	Oakland, California 94609

If you are a victim of sexual violence, your first priority should be to get to a place of safety. You should then obtain necessary medical treatment, and work with the authorities to preserve as much evidence as possible. The University strongly advocates that a victim of sexual assault/violence report the incident in a timely manner to the Title IX Coordinator, the Chief Human Resources Officer.

The report to a University official does not obligate the victim to prosecute, nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from employees and officers; but it ensures the victim can receive services offered by the University. The Title IX Coordinator and others will assist the student in notifying these authorities if the student requests.

The University will take immediate steps to protect complainants even before a final outcome in

the investigations, including, but not limited to, prohibiting the accused from having contact with the complainant, campus escorts, academic support services, counseling, additional counseling visits, course withdrawal without penalty, or other remedies as may be appropriate. The University will provide written guidance on how to access available options.

The University will provide written notification to students and employee about existing resources and support, both on and off campus, including counseling services through the Student Health and Counseling (SHAC) center and through a contracted arrangement with an EAP provider. Counseling and support services outside the University system are available through Bay Area Crisis Centers.

University disciplinary proceedings, as well as special guidelines for handling cases of Equal Opportunity, Harassment, and Nondiscrimination, which includes acts of sexual assault, sexual and gender violence, and sexual misconduct are detailed in the Catalog and Student Handbook at https://www.samuelmerritt.edu/faculty-and-staff/office-people-and-culture/title-ix

Statement on Confidential Reporting

If you are the victim of a crime and do not wish to pursue action with the University's conduct process or the criminal justice system, we strongly encourage you to make a confidential report. With your permission, the people noted above can file a report of the incident without revealing your identity. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential while taking steps to ensure the institution's compliance with this Federal law and ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University can maintain accurate records of the number of incidents involving students and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the University.

The University cannot maintain confidentiality in cases involving patterns, predation, weapons, threats, or violence. When a reporting party requests confidentiality and circumstances permit, the University will provide interim supports and remedies to the reporter and community but will not pursue formal action. Reporting parties have the right to have their formal reports taken seriously and properly investigated through established procedures. Formal reporting maintains privacy by limiting knowledge to essential personnel including investigators, witnesses, the University President, select senior administrators, and the responding party, with this circle kept as small as possible. Anonymous reports from victims or third parties are also accepted, though these may still trigger institutional investigations when necessary.

Statement on Campus Access

The University shares facilities with various medical centers and businesses, and some overlap of access by the public and medical center staff will happen. In these areas, the public can use the space as a part of visiting the medical center or business, and the respective security team will take responsibility for security and access.

SMU-only sites is limited to current faculty, staff and students, approved contractors, medical center facilities, security and engineering staff, and approved guests and is accessed via assigned proximity badges. Faculty, staff, and students must wear their University ID Badge (and campus identification badges if separate) while on campus and have it visible, above the waist.

During business hours, faculty, staff, and students have badge access to University facilities. Holidays, after business hours and weekends, access is limited or not permitted. Facilities will provide updates prior to holidays regarding access. The University is closed the week between Christmas and New Years Day; special permission is required to be on campus during this time. Note that emergencies or extenuating circumstances may change posted schedules.

The University does not have on-campus residence halls.

The Facilities department is responsible for the upkeep of all University facilities and grounds, including security cameras, access systems, and safety equipment.

Statement Addressing Mental Health Counselors and Confidential Crime Reporting

Persons employed by the University or contracted by the University to serve as professional counselors, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority, and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. They are encouraged, if and when they deem appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics.

Statement on Campus Law Enforcement

Samuel Merritt University does not have its own police force, public safety, or security team and it utilizes vendor security services or building management depending on the campus location.

The security team has the authority to ask persons for identification and determine whether individuals have lawful business with Samuel Merritt University. Security also may collect reports of incidents. They have citizen's arrest power, not police authority. Criminal incidents are sent to local police who have jurisdiction on the campus. All crime victims and witnesses are strongly encouraged to immediately report crime to security at their campus as well as one of the University officials listed above. This includes when the victim elects to, or is unable to, report. Prompt reporting will assure timely warning notices and disclosure of statistics.

Police are involved in addressing all criminal activity that occurs on campus. This is stated in multiple policy documents, and a police report number is required on all criminal event incident reports.

In compliance with the statutory requirements that require institutions to adopt and implement written policies and procedures to ensure that reports of violent crimes, hate crimes, or sexual assaults are immediately, or as soon as practically possible, disclosed to local law enforcement (established by AB 1433 (Gatto, 2014), specified in the California Education Code (Ed. Code, § 67383, subd. (a) and Ed. Code, § 67381)) and responded to in sensitive and culturally appropriate manner, the University has initiated MOUs with the police departments in San Mateo, Sacramento, Oakland, and Fresno. Those police departments have not yet signed the MOUs.

Statement on Safety Awareness and Education Programs for Students and Employees

The University will provide annual safety educational programming to promote the awareness of safety, crime prevention, sexual misconduct, and violence, which may include rape, acquaintance rape and other forcible and non-forcible sex offences, domestic violence, dating

violence, sexual assault.

The following are descriptions of awareness programs provided to students and employees on an annual basis:

- Student Orientation: tips on personal safety, crime prevention, reporting emergencies, Title IX, or awareness of the University alert system.
- Community Learning Series: programs in the community learning series include education and information on dating/relationship/domestic violence, gender violence, bystander training (helping skills for effective intervention), sexual assault, consent, risk reduction, key health issues or healthy living. In addition, resources are distributed on how to report.
- Title IX and Safety Training: The University provides online training on Clery, Title IX, and Sexual Harassment as part of its online compliance training. This training is required of all students and all employees' annual training.
- Clery Campus Security Authority (CSA) Training: CSA's have an additional online training module that they complete annually as well.
- Safety Tips: The Safety & Security department regularly share safety tips with the University community.

In addition, such educational programs may also be done at the request of students, by security in an ad hoc program, or because of a campus concern.

Statement Regarding Criminal Activity Non-Campus

The University does not have any officially recognized student organizations with any noncampus locations. The University does not monitor off-campus or non-campus activities of students, faculty, and staff. It may respond to behavior of employees and students in an offcampus or non-campus location if it is made aware of such behavior and that behavior violates University policy or is a safety concern.

Statement Addressing Alcoholic Beverages and Drugs

The possession, sale, or the furnishing of alcohol on the University campus is governed by California state law. Samuel Merritt University has been designated as "drug and alcohol free".

Only under certain circumstances is the consumption of alcohol permitted. Possession, sale, manufacture, or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal both under state and federal laws. Violators are subject to University disciplinary action, criminal prosecution, fine and imprisonment. It is unlawful to sell, furnish or provide alcohol to a person under the age of 21. Possession of alcohol by anyone under the age of 21 in a public place or place open to public is illegal. It is also a violation of Samuel Merritt University policy for anyone to consume or possess alcohol in any public or private area of campus without prior University approval.

Statement Addressing Substance Abuse Education

The University offers substance abuse programs including informational materials, counseling services (through Student Health and Counseling for students and EAP for employees), referrals to diversion programs or long-term treatment, and University disciplinary actions.

Statement Addressing Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence or Non-forcible Sex Offenses

Samuel Merritt University will simultaneously disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, sexual misconduct/harassment or a non-forcible sex offense, the results of any disciplinary hearing conducted by the University against the member of the University community who is the alleged perpetrator of the crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, Samuel Merritt University will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim's next of kin, if so requested.

Statement on Campus Sex Offenses

Students, faculty, and staff are required to report sex offenses to the Director of Risk Management, Safety, and Security and the Title IX Coordinator. As required by the Higher Education Amendments of 1992, the University provides an annual report of campus crime statistics, including all sex offenses. See Campus Security Act of 1990 in the Federal and State Regulatory Policies section.

Statement on Sexual Offender Registration

In accordance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, The Jeanne Clery Act and FERPA, Samuel Merritt University is providing a link to the California State Sex Offender Registry. The University is required to inform the campus community that a list of all registered sex offenders is available from the State of California Office of Attorney General at https://www.meganslaw.ca.gov/

Bystander Intervention and Risk Reduction

Bystander intervention promotes the idea of bystanders (observers, onlookers) intervening safely and effectively to stop a perilous situation, such as a potential sexual violence. An active bystander is an individual who stands up against offensive language and behaviors that may perpetuate sexual violence and intervene on the behalf of the victim to eliminate the danger and/or provide needed support.

In our continuous endeavor to foster a safe community for students' success, Samuel Merritt

University encourages all community members to become active, empowered bystanders who can safely intervene if they witness a situation, or a potential situation in which a friend or stranger may experience inappropriate, harmful, and hurtful acts.

Active bystander tips:

- Promise yourself that you will speak up and/or take action.
- Attend a bystander intervention training program.
- Develop strategies to intervene as a bystander safely and effectively when you observe or suspect sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking happening around you.
- Ensure your friends leave the party with the same people they came with.
- Ask a friend or acquaintance if they need to be walked home from a party.
- Express concern if your friend has unexplained bruises that may be signs of abuse in their relationship.
- Listen, believe, and support someone who discloses a sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or experience with stalking or cyber-stalking.
- Learn and share information about the sexual assault community and campus resources and information with your friends
- Report the incident with or without names.
- Find allies (others who agree with you) and ask for their support.
- If the situation is beyond your control call 911.
- Express discomfort/concern if someone makes sexist comments, homophobic jokes, or catcalls.
- Confront a friend who is planning to hook up with someone who is passed out.

Risk Reduction

With no intent to victim blame and recognizing that only rapists are responsible for rape, the following are some strategies to reduce one's risk of sexual assault or harassment (taken from Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network, www.rainn.org)

- 1. **Be aware** of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way to get out of a bad situation.
- 2. Try to avoid isolated areas. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.
- 3. Walk with purpose. Even if you don't know where you are going, act like you do.
- 4. **Trust your instincts.** If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, it probably isn't the best place to be.
- 5. **Try not to load yourself down** with packages or bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable.
- 6. Make sure your cell phone is with you and charged and that you have cab money.
- 7. **Don't allow yourself to be isolated** with someone you don't trust or someone you don't know.
- 8. **Avoid putting music headphones in both ears** so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone.

- 9. When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends. Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find out a way out of a bad situation.
- 10. **Trust your instincts.** If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 911 in most areas of the U.S.).
- 11. **Don't leave your drink unattended** while talking, dancing, using the restroom, or making a phone call. If you've left your drink alone, just get a new one.
- 12. **Don't accept drinks from people you don't know or trust.** If you choose to accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself. At parties, don't drink from the punch bowls or other large, common open containers.
- 13. Watch out for your friends, and vice versa. If a friend seems out of it, is way too intoxicated for the amount of alcohol they've had, or is acting out of character, get him or her to a safe place immediately.
- 14. If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact a law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 911 in most areas of the U.S.). Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests (you will need a urine test and possibly others).
- 15. If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary situation here are some things that you can try:
 - a. **Remember that being in this situation is not your fault.** You did not do anything wrong, it is the person who is making you uncomfortable that is to blame.
 - b. **Be true to yourself**. Don't feel obligated to do anything you don't want to do. "I don't want to" is always a good enough reason. Do what feels right to you and what you are comfortable with.
 - c. Have a code word with your friends or family so that if you don't feel comfortable you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends or family can then come to get you or make up an excuse for you to leave.
 - d. Lie. If you don't want to hurt the person's feelings it is better to lie and make up a reason for you to leave than to stay and be uncomfortable, scared, or worse. Some excuses you could use are needing to take care of a friend or family member, not feeling well, having somewhere else you need to be, etc.
 - e. **Think of an escape route.** How would you try to get out of the room? Where are the doors? Windows? Are there people around who might be able to help you? Is there an emergency phone nearby?
 - f. **If you and/or the other person have been drinking,** you can say that you would rather wait until both of you have your full judgment before doing anything you may regret later.

Wellness programming from the Student Health and Counseling (SHAC) center incorporates Active Bystander education. Additional resources are available at the SHAC.

Definition of Reportable Crimes

- *Murder/Manslaughter* defined as the willful killing of one human being by another.
- *Manslaughter by Negligence* is defined as the killing of another person through gross negligence.
- Sex offenses Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.
 - *Rape* the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
 - Fondling The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
 - *Incest* Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
 - *Statutory Rape* Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
- *Robbery* is defined as taking or attempting to take anything of value from the car, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
- Aggravated Assault is defined as an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.
- *Burglary* is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.
- *Motor Vehicle Theft* is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.
- Arson any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.
- "Domestic violence" includes asserted violent misdemeanor and felony offenses committed by the victim's current or former spouse, current or former cohabitant, person similarly situated under domestic or family violence law, or anyone else protected under domestic or family violence law.
- "Dating violence" means violence by a person who has been in a romantic or intimate relationship with the victim. Whether there was such relationship will be gauged by its length, type, and frequency of interaction.
- "Stalking" means a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for her, his, or others' safety, or to suffer substantial emotional distress.
- Hate Crimes includes all the crimes listed above that manifest evidence that the victim was chosen based on one of the categories of bias listed below, plus the following crimes:
 - Larceny/Theft includes, pocket picking, purse snatching, shoplifting, theft from building, theft from motor vehicle, theft of motor vehicle parts or

accessories, and all other larceny.

- Simple Assault an unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
- Intimidation to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm using threatening words and/or other conduct but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- Destruction/Damage/Vandalism or Property (except Arson)— to willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Hate Categories of Bias

- *Race*–A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind.
- *Gender* A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female.
- *Gender Identity* A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender nonconforming individuals.
- *Religion* A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being.
- Sexual Orientation—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex.
- *Ethnicity* A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who identify with each other through common heritage (common language, common culture and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry).
- National Origin A preformed negative opinion about a group of persons based upon them being from a particular country or part of the world.
- Disability A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/ challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital, or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

Offense	Year	On	Public	Non-	Total
(Reported by		Campus	Property	Campus	
Hierarchy)		•		-	
Murder/Non-Negligent	2024	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by	2024	0	0	0	0
Negligence	2023	0	0	0	0
0.0	2022	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Forcible	2024	0	0	0	0
(Rape, Sodomy, Sexual	2023	0	0	0	0
Assault w/object and Fondling)	2022	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Non-	2024	0	0	0	0
Forcible	2023	0	0	0	0
(Incest and Statutory)	2022	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	6	0	6
	2022	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for Disciplinary	2023	0	0	0	0
Action	2022	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0

2024 Crime Statistics Sheet Samuel Merritt University-Oakland

Drug Law Violations	2023	0	0	0	0
Referred for	2022	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Action		Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ū
Weapons Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for	2023	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Offense	Year	On	Public	Non-	Total
(Crimes Not Reported by		Campus	Property	Campus	
Hierarchy)					
Arson	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

No hate crimes were reported for 2024, 2023, or 2022.

Notes:

- The Oakland Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request for 2024 data.
- The Oakland Police Department did respond to SMU Crime Request for 2023 data. Based on specific SMU Campus Addresses. Of the 6 vehicle thefts reported, 4 were attributed to 400 Hawthorne Ave. (aka HEC Building) and 2 were attributed to 3100 Telegraph Ave. (Peralta Medical Office Building). There were no incidents reported for 450 30th Street.
- The Oakland Police Department did not respond to SMU's Crime Request for 2022 data.

Offense (Reported By Hierarchy)	Year	On Campus	Public Property	Non- Campus	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent	2024	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

2024 Crime Statistics Sheet Samuel Merritt University-Sacramento

Sex Offenses, Forcible	2024	0	0	0	0
(Rape, Sodomy, Sexual	2023	0	0	0	0
Assault w/object and	2022	0	0	0	0
Fondling)					
Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible	2024	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
(Incest and Statutory)	2022	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2024	0	0	0	0
,	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	1	0	1
	2022	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	1	0	1
Drug Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	3	0	3
Weapons Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	3	0	3
	2022	0	1	0	1
Liquor Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for Disciplinary	2023	0	0	0	0
Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for	2023	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for Disciplinary	2023	0	0	0	0
Action	2022	0	0	0	0

Offense	Year	On Campus	Public	Non-	Total
(Crimes Not Reported by			Property	Campus	
Hierarchy)					
Arson	2024	0	0	0	0

	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	2	0	2
	2022	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

No hate crimes were reported for 2024, 2023, or 2022.

Notes:

- For 2024, the Sacramento Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.
- For 2023, the Sacramento Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.
 - For 2022, the Sacramento Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.

Offense	Year	On Campus	Public	Non-	Total
(Reported By Hierarchy)			Property	Campus	
Murder/Non-Negligent	2024	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Forcible	2024	0	0	0	0
(Rape, Sodomy, Sexual	2023	0	0	0	0
Assault w/object and Fondling)	2022	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible (Incest and Statutory)	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0

2024 Crime Statistics Sheet Samuel Merritt University-San Francisco Peninsula (San Mateo)

	2022	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2022	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2022	0	0	0	0
bulgiary	2024	0	1	0	1
	2023	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2022	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	2	0	2
	2022	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for Disciplinary	2023	0	0	0	0
Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Action					
Weapons Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for Disciplinary	2023	0	0	0	0
Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Offense	Year	On Campus	Public	Non-	Total
(Crimes Not Reported by			Property	Campus	
Hierarchy)					
Arson	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
5	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0

2022 0 0 0 0					
	2022	0	0	0	0

No hate crimes were reported for 2024, 2023, or 2022.

Notes:

- For 2024, the San Mateo Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.
- For 2023, the San Mateo Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.
- For 2022, the San Mateo Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request

2024 Crime Statistics Sheet Samuel Merritt University-Fresno

Offense	Year	On Campus	Public	Non-	Total
(Reported By Hierarchy)			Property	Campus	
Murder/Non-Negligent	2024	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Forcible	2024	0	0	0	0
(Rape, Sodomy, Sexual	2023	0	0	0	0
Assault w/object and	2022	0	0	0	0
Fondling)					
Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible	2024	0	0	0	0
(Incest and Statutory)	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	1	0	0	1
	2022	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Arrests	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for Disciplinary	2023	0	0	0	0
Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for	2023	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violations	2024	0	0	0	0
Referred for Disciplinary	2023	0	0	0	0
Action	2022	0	0	0	0
Offense	Year	On Campus	Public	Non-	Total
(Crimes Not Reported by			Property	Campus	
Hierarchy)					
Arson	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0

No hate crimes were reported for 2024, 2023, or 2022.

Notes:

• For 2024, the Fresno Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.

- For 2023, the Fresno Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.
- For 2022, the Fresno Police Department did respond to SMU's Crime Request.